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Selecting the Fuel Tank Size

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    Depth Sounder
    Canceling Depth Alarms
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    Keel Offset
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  Speedometer Mode Display Sequence- Figure 1

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**Gateway**

**Standard Operating Conditions**

**Voltage**: 12 - 24V System, 10.5 – 28 VDC, (10.5 – 32 V operating, 36 V max operating, 1 Hr.)

**Temperature**: -40° - 185° F

**Humidity**: 0% - 98% Rel

**Shock Resistant** per MIL-STD-202, 50G

**Vibration Resistant** per SAE J1455

**Water and Weather Resistant**

**Corrosion Resistant** per ASTM-B117-73, 48 Hr
System
The system consists of:
- One gateway box to interface with the J1939 bus from the engine ECU and external senders and sensors.
- One five inch tachometer / fuel monitor
- One five inch speedometer / depth sounder
- Optional second five inch speedometer
- Various 2” instruments as desired
  - Voltmeter
  - Oil pressure gauge
  - Engine temperature gauge
  - Fuel gauge
  - Others as specified

Initial Setup
The setup function is normally only used for a new installation. It is not required to follow this procedure every time the instruments are turned on.

The tachometer is used to initialize the fuel tank size required for the fuel management function. Press the ‘M’ mode button while the power is turned on, to enter the “setup” mode.

The LCD will show the current fuel tank size selection. The choices are displayed with the up or down buttons. After selecting the closest tank size, press and hold the ‘M’ mode button for 3 seconds to save the selected size and start normal instrument operation.

Select from one of the following fuel tank capacity options:
- 29 gallon
- 30 gallon (default)
- 35 gallon
- 39 gallon
- 50 gallon

Operation
General
The Faria Serial Bus system is designed to receive information from the engine ECU and various individual sensors throughout the boat. This information is transformed into digital data which is distributed to analog and digital instruments via a single cable consisting of two shielded, twisted pairs of conductors.

Each instrument selects the data which is applicable and displays it as if it was being received from the sender directly. One of the two pairs of conductors carries the data while the other pair of conductors carry the power for the instruments.

The tachometer and speedometer each have three push buttons which allow the different functions of each instrument to be activated. Following is a description of these functions.
Speedometer / Depth Sounder
The Serial Bus Speedometer / Depth Sounder provides both the functions of a speedometer and a depth sounder. The analog speedometer is a stepper motor instrument which looks like a standard analog device but which is actually a digital instrument. On small pointer movements you may occasionally see the pointer moving in the one third degree “steps” that represent the accuracy of the instrument.

Speedometer Calibration
The analog speedometer displays the speed of the boat through the water. The speedometer is calibrated at the factory for normal installations. As variation has been found in various installations, the speedometer can be easily calibrated to a known reference such as a radar gun or GPS.

When the unit is operating in normal mode (i.e. speed information on the LCD), push and hold the ‘M’ mode button down for 2 seconds will cause the speedometer to go to the calibration mode.

The LCD will show “ADJUST”.

Run the boat at a constant 30 MPH as measured by the GPS or radar. Adjust the speedometer pointer by pressing the “UP” or “DOWN” arrows until the speedometer matches the GPS or radar speed.

When finished, press the ‘M’ mode button to exit the adjustment screen. The operator has the option of saving or canceling the adjustment procedure. The options can be selected using the “UP” or “DOWN” push buttons. To save the calibration setting, press and hold the ‘M’ mode button for 2 seconds when the display shows “SAVE”.

To exit the adjustment procedure without saving, press and hold the ‘M’ mode button for 2 seconds when the display shows “NO SAVE”.

Multiple runs in opposite directions may be necessary to compensate for errors due to water currents.
**Paddle Wheel Operation**
The system is designed to be operated with a paddle wheel for speed sensing.

**Depth Sounder**
The depth sounder is turned on and off with the ignition switch. The depth sounder can also be turned off at any time, while in depth display mode, by pressing and holding the ‘M’ mode button while the depth sounder counts down a three second delay.

The depth display will then indicate “OFF”.

Press and hold the ‘M’ mode button to turn the depth sounder back on.

The LCD screen displays the depth sounder data. When there are no alarm conditions, the water depth is displayed. If the signal is weak or lost, or there is no transducer connected, then the display will alternate between the last known depth and four horizontal bars.

**Canceling depth alarms**
A depth alarm warning can be temporarily canceled by pressing both “UP” and “DOWN” arrows on the speedometer, simultaneously.

After one minute, the alarm will resume if the condition that caused the alarm is not corrected. The operator can cancel the alarm as many times as necessary, until the condition is corrected.

The depth alarm warning will replace any information on the LCD screen. Canceling the alarm will restore the LCD to the original display. If not already in the depth mode, this would be a good time to switch to it (using the “M” mode button) in order to monitor water depth.

**Depth Sounder Alarm Settings**
*Note: Speedometer display must be in depth display mode to change settings.*

To change the depth sounder alarm settings the “M” mode button must be held down until the depth display changes to the alarm settings mode.

There are four menus in the alarm settings mode. Pressing and releasing the mode switch quickly will cycle through the different options.
Shallow alarm
Alarm sounds when water depth equals or is less than set value. The display will show “S X.X” which is the current setting for the shallow alarm.

Pressing the “Up” or “Down” buttons will change the shallow setting.

Holding the “mode M” button in for 2 seconds will save the new shallow setting and change the display back to the normal depth mode.

Set to zero to disable alarm.

Keel offset
Adjust depth sounder to measure depth below keel or drive instead of sensor. The display will show “K X.X” which is the current setting for the keel offset.

Pressing the “Up” or “Down” buttons will change the keel offset setting.

Holding the mode button in for 2 seconds will save the new keel offset setting and change the display back to the normal depth mode.

Deep alarm
Alarm sounds when water depth equals or is greater than set value. The display will show “d XX.X”, which is the current setting for the deep alarm.

Pressing the “Up” or “Down” buttons will change the deep setting.

Holding the “mode M” button in for 2 seconds will save the new deep setting and change the display back to the normal depth mode. Set to zero to disable alarm.

Units
Change the unit of measure.

The display will show “UNIT FT” for feet, “UNIT FA” for fathoms, or “UNIT M” for meters.
Pressing the “Up” or “Down” buttons will cycle through the choices.

Pressing and holding the “mode M” button will save the units shown in the display and change the display back to the normal depth mode.
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**Speedometer Display Sequence**

**Figure 1**

- **Boat Speed**
  - Quick Press: M
  - Hold: M
  - Adjust: ▲ ▼
  - Save: ▲
  - No Save: ▼

- **Depth Sounder**
  - Quick Press: M
  - Hold: M
  - Shallow Alarm Set: ▲
  - Deep Alarm Set: ▼
  - Keel Offset: ▲
  - Select Units: ▼

- **Air Temperature** (optional)
  - Quick Press: M
  - Hold: M

- **Water Temperature** (optional)
  - Quick Press: M
  - Hold: M
  - Save: ▲
  - No Save: ▼

- **GPS Speed**
  - Quick Press: M

- **East or West**
  - Quick Press: M

- **Latitude**
  - Quick Press: M

- **North or South**
  - Quick Press: M

- **Longitude**
  - Quick Press: M
  - Note: If GPS is not available display will show.

- **No Signal**
  - Quick Press: M

- **Course**
  - Quick Press: M

- **Clock Offset**
  - Hold: M
  - Save: ▲
  - No Save: ▼

- **GPS Temperature**
  - (optional)

- **Water Temperature**
  - (optional)
Tachometer / Fuel Management
The Serial Bus Tachometer/Fuel Management instrument provides both the functions of a tachometer and a fuel-engine monitoring system. The analog tachometer is a stepper motor instrument which looks like a standard analog device but which is actually a digital instrument. On small pointer movements you may occasionally see the pointer moving in the one third degree “steps” that represent the accuracy of the instrument.

The tachometer LCD screen displays several functions. The displayed data includes “engine hours”, “time remaining”, “engine temperature”, “oil pressure”, and “system voltage”, and engine alarm conditions. Pressing the “M” mode button will select the various functions as shown in the diagram below.

The “time remaining” display shows how many hours the boat can operate based on the fuel remaining in the tank and the current fuel usage rate. In order to minimize “false” alarms, the “low fuel” and “low voltage” alarms only function when the engine is known to be running based on the presence of tachometer data.

Several alarm conditions may also be shown in the LCD display when needed:

1) Low fuel
2) Low oil pressure
3) High engine temperature
4) Low voltage
5) Engine RPM reduction due to engine controller command
6) RPM limit
7) Knock sensing system malfunction
8) Manifold pressure sensor (MAP) malfunction
9) Manifold temperature sensor malfunction
10) Throttle position sensor (TPS) malfunction
11) Coolant sensor malfunction

Alarm messages will be displayed on the tachometer LCD display. Messages 1-5 will also include a flashing red light. All messages will be displayed until either the problem is corrected or the operator manually cancels the warning message.

Canceling system alarms
To manually cancel system warning messages, simultaneously press both the ‘Up’ and ‘Down’ buttons on the tachometer.

This will disable the warning message temporarily. If the problem is not corrected in 1 minute (5 minutes for low fuel), the warning will be displayed again. The operator can cancel as often as desired.

Engine Hourmeter
Displays the number of hours that the engine has been operated. The display will show “XXXX.XHr”

Hours Remaining
The “time remaining” display shows how many hours the boat can operate based on the fuel remaining in the tank and the current fuel usage rate.
**Engine Temperature**
Displays the Coolant Temperature of the Engine. There are no adjustments available.

![Engine Temperature](image)

**Voltmeter**
Displays the System Voltage. There are no adjustments available.

![Voltmeter](image)

**Oil Pressure**
Displays current Oil Pressure. There are no adjustments available.

![Oil Pressure](image)

**Instrument Lights**
The navigation light switch must be on for the instrument lights to function. The ‘Up’ and ‘Down’ buttons on the tachometer control the instrument lighting brightness.

![Instrument Lights](image)

Pressing the ‘Up’ button increases light intensity.

Pressing the ‘Down’ button decreases light intensity.
LCD Alarm Condition Displays.
Alarm messages will be displayed on the Tachometer LCD display. All messages will be displayed until either the problem is corrected or the operator manually cancels the warning message.

Messages will display as a many screens shown sequentially.

Canceling System Alarms
To manually cancel system warnings messages, simultaneously press both the “Up” and “Down” buttons on the tachometer. This will disable the warning message temporarily. If the problem is not corrected in 1 minute (5 minutes for low fuel), the warning will be displayed again. The operator can cancel as often as desired.
Severe Conditions- Includes a Flashing Red Light

Low Battery Voltage (Flashing Red Light)  (Local Warning)

High Engine Temperature (Flashing Red Light)  (PGN 65226   SPN 110   FMI 0)

Low Oil Pressure (Flashing Red Light)  (Local Warning)

Low Fuel Level (Flashing Red Light)  (Local Warning)

RPM Reduction in Progress (Flashing Red Light)  (PGN 65226   SPN Any Amber)

Warnings

Engine Speed Limiter Active  (Local Warning)

Knock Detection System Malfunction  (PGN 65226   SPN 731   FMI 2,4)

Manifold Pressure System Malfunction  (PGN 65226   SPN 106   FMI 4, 16)

Manifold Air Temperature Sensor Malfunction  (PGN 65226   SPN 105   FMI 3, 15)

Throttle Position Sensor Malfunction  (PGN 65226   SPN 51   FMI 0, 1, 3, 4 )

Coolant Temperature Sensor Malfunction  (PGN 65226   SPN 110   FMI 3, 4 )
This page left blank intentionally.
### GW0020 J1939 PGN’s

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>PGN</th>
<th>Bytes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine Speed</td>
<td>61444</td>
<td>4,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Flow (G/H)</td>
<td>65266</td>
<td>1,2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Pressure</td>
<td>65263</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Voltage</td>
<td>65271</td>
<td>5,6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant Temperature</td>
<td>65262</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Hours</td>
<td>65253</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### GW0020 J1939 Warnings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>PGN</th>
<th>SPN</th>
<th>FMI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Over Temperature</td>
<td>65226</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant Temperature</td>
<td>65226</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>3,4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS</td>
<td>65226</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>0,1,3,4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAT</td>
<td>65226</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>3,15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAP</td>
<td>65226</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>4,16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knock Sensor</td>
<td>65226</td>
<td>731</td>
<td>2,4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rev Limit Active</td>
<td>65226</td>
<td>Any Amber</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This page left blank intentionally.
The system consists of:
- One Gateway box to interface with the J1939 bus from the engine ECU and external senders and sensors.
- One 5” Tachometer with Fuel Monitor
- One 5” Speedometer with Depth Sounder
- One 5” Optional Speedometer
- Various 2” instruments, including but not limited to
  - Voltmeter
  - Oil Pressure gauge
  - Engine Temperature gauge
  - Fuel Level gauge
  - others as specified.

Installation
Installation of the Faria Serial Bus system is accomplished as follows:

Gateway Box
The “gateway” box is the central unit of the system. As all of the senders and other information source peripherals connect to the “gateway”, the “gateway” box should be mounted in a protected area in the best location to provide the maximum cabling benefit.

The “gateway” box power cable must be installed to allow connection to “battery positive” (always on), “battery negative” (ground), and a source of “switched power” which turns on with the engine ignition switch (see Figure 3 and Table 1).

The “Faria Bus” cable must be routed from the “gateway” box to the instrument panel area to connect the instruments to the data bus and instrument power (see Figure 4). The remainder of the connections to the “gateway” box are described below.

Instruments
The instruments are mounted using the provided back-clamps and mounting hardware. Each instrument comes with a bus connection cable (12”). The main “Faria Bus” cable from the “gateway” box is connected to the most convenient instrument using either of the two four (4) pin connectors provided on the instrument case (*except when a Faria Serial Bus Pilot or a Faria Speedometer-PerfectPass Cruise instrument is installed, see note below). Each additional instrument is connected to the previous instrument using one of the 12” bus connection cables. The cable may be connected to either of the two connectors provided on the instrument case (see Figure 2).
**Figure 3**

*Typical Power Connections*

![Power Connections Diagram]

**Figure 4**

*Typical Instrument Connections*

![Instrument Connections Diagram]

Note: To help reduce moisture in the gauges be sure to install plug PJ0018 in all open connectors.

For PerfectPass connections See Table 2.
**Figure 5**

**Typical GM Engine ECU Connections**

![Typical GM Engine ECU Connections Diagram]

'Y Connector'²

'HN0601 (See next page for typical J1939 Topology)'

**Figure 6**

**Transducer and Paddle Wheel Connections**

![Transducer and Paddle Wheel Connections Diagram]

'Blue'

'Blue'

'(1) Blue'

'(2) Black'

'Black (shield)'

'(A) CAN H -Yellow'

'(B) CAN L -Green'

'(C) CAN-Sheild(Bare)'

'(P14/1) Sender Ground'

'(P14/2) PW Sender Input'

'(P14/3) Water temp'

'(P14/4) +12 Vdc (Ignition)'

'Airmar Transducer'

'SN0034'

'Black (shield)'

'White'

'Green'

'Bare'
Typical 2-device J1939 Network Topology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>CAN Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>CAN - H (Pin A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>CAN - L (Pin B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Bare</td>
<td>CAN - Ground (Pin C)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To Gateway P6

A-Mate³

Faria® Harness
HN0533 200"
HN0603 72"
HN0602 36"
HN0601 12"

B-Mate¹ (with 120Ω resistor.)

Y Connector²

B-Mate⁴

Engine ECM (J1939)

OEM Connector
See Note A

CAN-Shield/Ground

Battery

HN0539 60"
HN0542 120"

HN0540

Caution: For proper operation of the Faria® system, the SAE topology must be followed.

Important: This diagram shows a correct example of a SAE CAN network topology. For more information, refer to SAE J1939-11. The Thomas G. Faria Corporation takes no responsibility for the information given. For a copy of SAE J1939-11 contact SAE directly.


Page 18
Typical Multi-devices J1939 Network Topology

**IMPORTANT:** This diagram shows a correct example of a SAE CAN network topology. For more information, refer to SAE J1939-11. The Thomas G. Faria Corporation takes no responsibility for the information given. For a copy of SAE J1939-11 contact SAE directly.

**CAUTION:** For proper operation of the Faria® system, the SAE topology must be followed.

| 1: | B-Mate w/120Ω Plug with 120Ω resistor | Deutsch | DT06-3S-P006 | CN0123 |
| 2: | Y Connector | Deutsch | DT04-3P-P007 | CN0117 |
| 3: | A-Mate | Deutsch | DT06-3S-E008 | W3S-1939 | 1062-16-0144 | CN0118 | CN0015 | CO0086 |
| 4: | B-Mate | Deutsch | DT06-3S-E008 | W3S-1939 | 1062-16-0144 | CN0118 | CN0086 | CO0086 |
| 5: | Impedance Controlled Shielded and Twisted J1939 Cable | Champlain Cable | SAEJ1939/1802SHBLK | WR0222 |

**Note A:** See engine manufacturer's specifications for proper connector information.
Figure 7

**Miscellaneous Connections**

- **Nav. Light Switch** (P11/3)
- **Dk. Blue**
- **Pink** (P11/2)
- **Fuel Tank Sender**
- **Air Temp. Sender**

**GPS NMEA_0183 Data Input**

- **NMEA_0183 B_or_-**
- **NMEA_0183 A_or_**

Refer to Table 1 and PerfectPass Instructions

Figure 8

**PerfectPass Connections**

**PerfectPass**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>Contacts</th>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Pin Function</th>
<th>Wire Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>NMEA_0183_A.OR+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>NMEA_0183_B.OR-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Battery Positive (5 amp. max. fuse req’d.)</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ground (Temp. Sender)</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>“Switched Power” from Ignition switch circuit</td>
<td>Purple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
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<td>P3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>Faria® Bus Data and Instrument Power</td>
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<td>P4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
<td>(PJ0015)</td>
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<td>P5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
<td>(PJ0016)</td>
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<td>P6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>J1939 CAN Bus</td>
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<td>P7</td>
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<td>P9</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<td>12</td>
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<td>Analog Input Ground</td>
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<td>Fuel Sender Input</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Navigation Lights Input</td>
<td>Refer to PerfectPass Instructions</td>
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<td>PerfectPass Basic RPM IN</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>PerfectPass Isolated ground (used only for PerfectPass)</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>PerfectPass VGOV OUT</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>PerfectPass RQST</td>
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<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>PerfectPass STAT IN</td>
<td></td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>PerfectPass Throttle Position Signal</td>
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<tr>
<td>P12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>PerfectPass +5 Volts</td>
<td>Refer to PerfectPass Instructions</td>
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<td>PerfectPass LCD +V</td>
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<td>PerfectPass Isolated Ground</td>
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<td>PerfectPass Display 19</td>
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<td>PerfectPass Display 12</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Air Temperature Sender Input</td>
<td>White</td>
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<td>P13</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Depth Sounder Transducer Signal (Airmar Transducer)</td>
<td>Blue</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Depth Sounder Transducer Signal, Sheild (Airmar Transducer)</td>
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<td>PerfectPass Isolated Ground</td>
<td>Refer to PerfectPass Instructions</td>
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Notes: